

How Societies Manage Risks

Economic, Legal, and Cultural Background

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Statements about risk

- Risk management has been there for ages.
- Modern society trades off innovation against risk avoidance, liability, and fairness.





Prevention of accidents

More or less visible, e.g.

- Dikes
- Fire brigades
- Insurance
- Safety codes
- Legal system



Types of risk

risk vs. uncertainty Frank H. Knight, Economist, USA, 1921 small worlds vs. large worlds Leonard J. Savage, Statistician, USA, 1954 known unknown vs. unknown unknown Donald H. Rumsfeld, Politician, USA, 2002 D. H. Lawrence, Poet, UK, ca. 1915 Ibn Yamin, Poet, Persia, 13th cent.



Liability ... and its restrictions

The ideal:

- Accountability, polluter-pays principle
 The reality:
- Who would take a large-world risk if one is fully liable?
- The "solution":
- Lax or limited liability, e.g. insolvency



Nuclear liability

- Framework of operator liability, public guarantees ... and possibly insufficient limits
- Best protections:
- USA: private insurance pool with very high limit, upper layer illimitée xs \$12.5''' "covered" by Congress
- Germany: unlimited operator liability, but layer illimitée xs €2.5''' is self-insured



The WTC loss

Risk management "after the event"

- Survival of institutions: law within 11 days
- Channeling of compensations: SPV
- Creation of a strong spirit of solidarity
 Bottom line: measures were unorthodox, partly unfair ... but very effective.



Thanks

For details see paper.

Feedback welcome, now or later.

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